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TEST REPORT DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:2013.08 Automatic disconnecting device			
Report Reference No	19041074GZU-003		
Date of issue	31 Oct., 2019		
Total number of pages	28 pages		
Testing Laboratory	Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch		
Address	Block E, No.7-2 Guang Dong Software Science Park, Caipin Road, Guangzhou Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, China		
Testing location/ address:	Same as above		
Tested by (name + signature):	Jason Fu Technical Team Leader		
Approved by (+ signature):	Tommy Zhong Technical Manager		
Applicant's name	Shenzhen SOFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd.		
Address	401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China		
Test specification:			
Standard	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:2013.08 in conjunction with VFR 2014		
Test procedure	Type approval for France		
Non-standard test method	N/A		
Test Report Form No	VDE0126-1-1b		
Test Report Form(s) Originator:	Intertek		
Master TRF	Dated 2013-09		
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Test item description:	Solar Grid-tied Inverter		
Trade Mark	SOFAR SOLAR		
Manufacturer	Same as Applicant		
Model/Type reference	SOFAR 1100TL-G3, SOFAR 1600TL-G3, SOFAR 2200TL-G3 SOFAR 2700TL-G3, SOFAR 3000TL-G3, SOFAR 3300TL-G3		



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Rating	Model	SOFAR 1100TL- G3	SOFAR 1600TL- G3	SOFAR 2200TL- G3		
	Max.PV voltage [Vdc]	500				
	PV voltage range [Vdc]	50-500				
	PV lsc [A]		15			
	Max.input current [A]		12			
	Max.output power [W]	1100	1600	2200		
	Max.apparent power [VA]	1100	1600	2200		
	Nominal output voltage [Vac]		230			
	Max.output current [A]	5.3	7.7	10.6		
	Nominal output Frequency	50Hz				
	Power factor range	0.8Leading – 0.8 lagging				
	Safety level		Class I			
	Ingress Protection	IP 65				
	Operation Ambient Temperature	- 30 °C - +60°C				
	Model	SOFAR 2700TL- G3	SOFAR 3000TL- G3	SOFAR 3300TL-G3		
	Max.PV voltage [Vdc]		550			
	PV voltage range [Vdc]		50-550			
	PV lsc [A]		15			
	Max.input current [A]		12			
	Max.output power [W]	2700	3000	3300		
	Max.apparent power [VA]	2700	3000	3300		
	Nominal output voltage [Vac]		230			



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Max.output current [A]	13	14.5	16
Nominal output Frequency	50Hz		
Power factor range	0.8Leading – 0.8 lagging		
Safety level	Class I		
Ingress Protection	IP 65 -25℃ - +60℃		
Operation Ambient Temperature			
Software version		V 1.00	



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Tests performed (name o All applicable test items.	f test and test clause):	Testing location: Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Gua	
		Branch	
Copy of marking plate(rep	presentative):		
The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.			
	SEFAR	Solar Grid-tied Inverter	
	Model No.	SOFAR 3300TL-G3	
		age550V	
	Operating MPPT V	oltage Range 50~550V	
	Max. Input Current	12A	
	Max. PV lsc	<u>15A</u>	
	Nominal Grid Volta	ge L/N/PE,230Vac	
	Max. Output Currer	nt 16A	
	Nominal Grid Freq	uency50/60Hz	
	Max. Output Power	. 3300VA	
	Power Factor	1 (adjustable+/-0.8)	
	Operating Tempe	IP65	
	Topology	rature Range <u>-30~+60°C</u> Non-isolated	
		Class I	
	Manufacturer:Sher Address: 401, Build Industrial Park,Dist Community, XinAn District, Shenzhen, VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N410	nzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. ing 4, AnTongDa rict 68, XingDong Street,BaoAn China 55,IEC61727,	
	IEC62116,UTE C15-712-1,A	E 🐴 🛆 🖄 🛣	

- The above markings are the minimum requirements required by the safety standard. For the final production samples, the additional markings which do not give rise to misunderstanding may be added.
- 2. Label is attached on the side surface of enclosure and visible after installation.
- 3. Other labels are identical to above, except the model name and ratings



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Test item particulars						
Temperature range	-25°C ~ 60 °C					
Overvoltage category	☐ OVC I ⊠ OVC II (for PV input) ⊠ OVC III (for main) ☐ OVC IV					
IP protection class	IP65					
Possible test case verdicts:						
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A					
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)					
- test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)					
Testing						
Date of receipt of test item:	08 Oct 2019					
Date (s) of performance of tests:	08 Oct 2019 to 30 Oct 2019					
General remarks:						
The test results presented in this report relate only to th This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, witho laboratory. "(see Enclosure #)" refers to additional information app "(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to th	out the written approval of the Issuing testing pended to the report.					
Throughout this report a point is used as the decimal s	Throughout this report a point is used as the decimal separator.					
Clause numbers in parentheses derive from VDE-AR-N	V 4105:2011-08.					
When determining the test conclusion, the Measureme	ent Uncertainty of test has been considered.					
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General product information:

The unit is a single-phase PV Grid inverter, it can convert the high PV voltage to Grid voltage and feed into Grid network.

The external circuit breakers or fuses for PV array and Grid connection are required which are stated in the installation manual.

The unit is providing EMC filtering at the PV side and AC side. It does not provide galvanic separation from PV side to Grid.

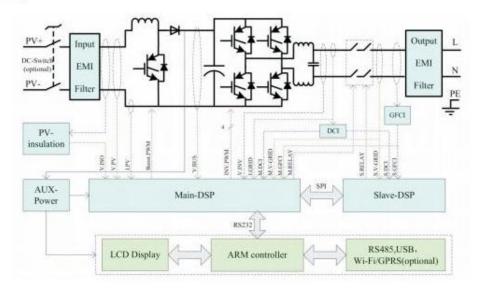
The unit has two controllers. The master controller A monitor the invert statue; measure the PV voltage and current, bus voltage, AC voltage, current, GFCI and frequency, also communicate with the slave controller B

The slave controller B monitor AC voltage, current, frequency , GFCI and communicate with the master controller A

The relays are designed to redundant structure that controlled by separately.

The master controller and slave controller are used together to control relay open or close, if the single fault on one controller, the other controller can be capable to open the relay, so that still providing safety means.

The topology diagram as following:



Models differences:

The models of SOFAR 1100TL-G3, SOFAR 1600TL-G3, SOFAR 2200TL-G3, SOFAR 2700TL-G3,

SOFAR 3000TL-G3 and SOFAR 3300TL-G3 are identical on topological schematic circuit diagram and control solution codes. The difference between each other as following table:

Model	SOFAR 110 0TL-G3	SOFAR 160 0TL-G3	SOFAR 220 0TL-G3	SOFAR 270 0TL-G3	SOFAR 300 0TL-G3	SOFAR 330 0TL-G3
Heatsink s ize	2	53*253.3*26.5m	m		271*253.3*40mn	n
Inverter inductanc e	0.99mH * 2pcs			0.676mH * 2 pcs		
Bus capacitan	470uF /500V* 2 pcs		4	70uF/550V * 3 pc	cs	



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се							
Size	303*260.5*118	321*260.5*131.5					
Other than s report.	Other than special notes, typical model SOFAR 3300TL-G3 used as representative for testing in this report.						
Factory info	rmation:						
Dongguan S	OFAR SOLAR Co., Ltd						

1F-6F, Building E, No.1 JinQi Road, Bihu Industrial Park, Wulian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City

intertek

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DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:2013.08

Clause Requirement - Test

Result - Remark

Verdict

4	REQUIREMENTS		Р
4.0	General		
	These requirements apply to integrated or separate (independent) disconnecting devices unless otherwise noted.		Р
	The disconnection device has to cut off the power generating system on the ac side from the grid by two switches in series when:		
	 the voltage and/or the frequency of the grid is deviating, 		
	— direct current (DC) is fed into the Grid.		
	 unintentional islanding operation occurs, 		
	 intentional islanding operation using grid backup systems (emergency supplies). 		
4.1	Functional safety		Р
	The safety must be assured under all operating conditions complying with the defined functions 4.3 to 4.6 and – if applicable – 4.8 of the disconnection device. The disconnection device can be an independent unit or an integrated part of the power generating unit and must switch off in case of a fault and indicate the fault status	Considered, see Annex. The single fault safe system was reviewed. The theoretical investigation was verified by error simulation.	Ρ
4.1.1	Single fault tolerance		Р
	The disconnection device must comply with the single fault tolerance requirements of VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, A.6	Considered, functional explanation and table 6.1 below.	Р
4.1.2	Interface Switch		Р
	The interface switch must, in case it is integrated into a PV-inverter, comply with the requirements of DIN EN 62109-2(VDE 0126-14-2):2012-04, 4.4.4.15.2 and in all other cases with the requirements according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.4.	Disconnection takes place redundant through two relays and the IGBT-full bridge in series. The relays and the IGBT-full bridge are able to switch the full current.	Ρ
(6.4.1)	General		Р
	For the connection of the power generation system to the network operator's low-voltage network or to the remaining customer system, it is necessary to use an interface switch. It consists of two electric switching devices connected in series and shall thus be constructed redundantly. The interface switch is controlled by the NS protection and activates automatically if at least one protective function responds. The breaking devices of the interface switch shall be		Ρ
	designed to be short-circuit proof and shall be		

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	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:201	3.08	
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	releasable without delay and with due regard to the protective devices required by clause 6.5. The breaking capacity of the two breaking devices of the interface switch shall be dimensioned at least in accordance with the responding range of the upstream safety fuse or the maximum short-circuit current contribution of the power generation system. Switches with at least breaking capacity shall be use for both breaking devices of the interface switch. In addition		
(6.4.2)	to that, all-pole disconnection shall be ensured. Central interface switch		N/A
(0.4.2)	The two break devices of the central interface switch		N/A N/A
	shall be executed as galvanic break devices.		IN/A
	The two break devices of the interface switch shall be installed directly at the central meter panel in the circuit distributor of the power generation system.		
(6.4.3)	Integrated interface switch		Р
	Construction of the interface switch shall be carried out taking into consideration the single-fault tolerance. An interface switch ensures a single-fault tolerant all- phase galvanic breaking. For power generation systems with inverters, the interface switch shall be provided on the inverter's network side. A short circuit in the inverter shall not		Р
	impair the switching function of the interface switch.		
4.2	Connection conditions		Р
	The connection, the reconnection after a grid-fault and the reconnection after short interruption shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 8.3.1		Р
(8.3.1)	General		Р
	A power generation system shall be connected to the network operator's network only if a suitable device determines that both the mains voltage and the mains frequency are within the tolerance range of 85 % Un to 110 % Un or 47.5 Hz to 50.05 Hz, respectively, for a period of at least 60 seconds.	Tested with a variable AC- Power supply at the output. Inverter disconnects within the limits, see table 6.2 below.	Ρ
	If decoupling protection devices are tripped because of a short interruption, then the power generation system is permitted to already reconnect as soon as the mains voltage and mains frequency have uninterruptedly remained within the tolerance ranges given above for a period of 5 seconds. Short time interruptions are characterised by the NS protection settings of the mains frequency and/ or network voltage being exceeded or undershot for a maximum period of 3 seconds. The power generation system being reconnected to the		

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	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:201:		A.C. 19
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdic
	network operator's network at the tripping of the decoupling protection device, the active power of controllable power generation systems supplied to the network operator's network shall not exceed the gradient of 10 % of the active power per minute.		
4.3	Monitoring the voltage		Р
4.3.1	voltage drop U<		Р
	The disconnection because of a voltage drop shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.5.1 and 6.5.2	See appended table below.	Р
4.3.2	rise-in-voltage U>>		Р
	The disconnection because of a rise-in-voltage shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.5.1 and 6.5.2	See appended table below.	Р
4.3.3	slow rise-in-voltage U>		Р
	The disconnection because of a slow rise-in-voltage (10-minute-average) shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.5.1 and 6.5.2	See appended table below.	Р
4.4	Monitoring the frequency		Р
	The disconnection because of a frequency decrease or a frequency increase shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.5.1 and 6.5.2	See appended table below.	Р
(6.5.1)	General		Р
	The purpose of the NS protection is to disconnect the power generation system from the net in the event of inadmissible voltage and frequency values. This is intended to prevent an unintentional feed-in of the power generation system into a power-supply unit separated from the remaining distribution network as well as the feed-in of faults within this network. The system operator shall himself take precautions to prevent damages to his systems and installations as might be caused by switching actions, voltage fluctuations and automatic reclosings in the network connected upstream or other process in the network of the network operator.		P
	The following functions of the decoupling protection		
	shall be implemented:		
	 shall be implemented: Voltage drop protection U <; 		
	 shall be implemented: Voltage drop protection U <; Rise-in-voltage protection U>; 		
	 shall be implemented: Voltage drop protection U <; Rise-in-voltage protection U >; Rise-in-voltage protection U >>; 		
	 shall be implemented: Voltage drop protection U <; Rise-in-voltage protection U>; 		

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<u>.</u>	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:201:		
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The setting values of the protective functions and the last five dated failure reports shall be readable at the NS protection. Interruptions of supply with durations of 3 s or longer shall not lead to loss of any of the failure reports. Read-out shall be possible at the central NS protection irrespective of the operational state of the power generation system and without any additional aids. For integrated NS protection read-out may be carried out using a data interface.		
(6.5.2)	Protective functions		Р
	The protective functions of the NS protection shall be designed so that the disconnection time (the sum of the proper times of NS protection and interface switch plus a delay for the protection relay, which may or may not be adjustable) does not exceed 200 ms.		P
4.5	Monitoring the dc current		Р
	A feed in of d.c current into the low-voltage grid due to defective equipment must lead to a switch off within 0.2 seconds. For this purpose the fault itself or a measurement of the dc component of the current exceeding 1 A can be used as disconnection criteria.	See appended table below.	P
4.6	Detection of islanding operation		Р
	The disconnection because of a detection of unintended islanding operation shall be carried out according to VDE-AR-N 4105:2011-08, 6.5.1 and 6.5.3	See appended table below.	Р
(6.5.3)	Islanding detection		Р
	The islanding detection is implemented in the central NS protection or in the integrated NS protection of the power generation unit. If an islanding detection system acting on the integrated interface switch is integrated in all power generation units of a power generation system, then it is permitted to omit the islanding detection in the central NS protection regardless of the system power.	See appended table below.	P
	the power generation system by means of the interface switch shall be completed within 5 seconds.		
4.7	Markings		Р
	A generating system equipped with an automatic disconnecting device shall be marked with the information "VDE 0126-1-1" which is visible from the outside. This can be done by		Р
	 the marking plate or showing it on a display of the disconnection device 		

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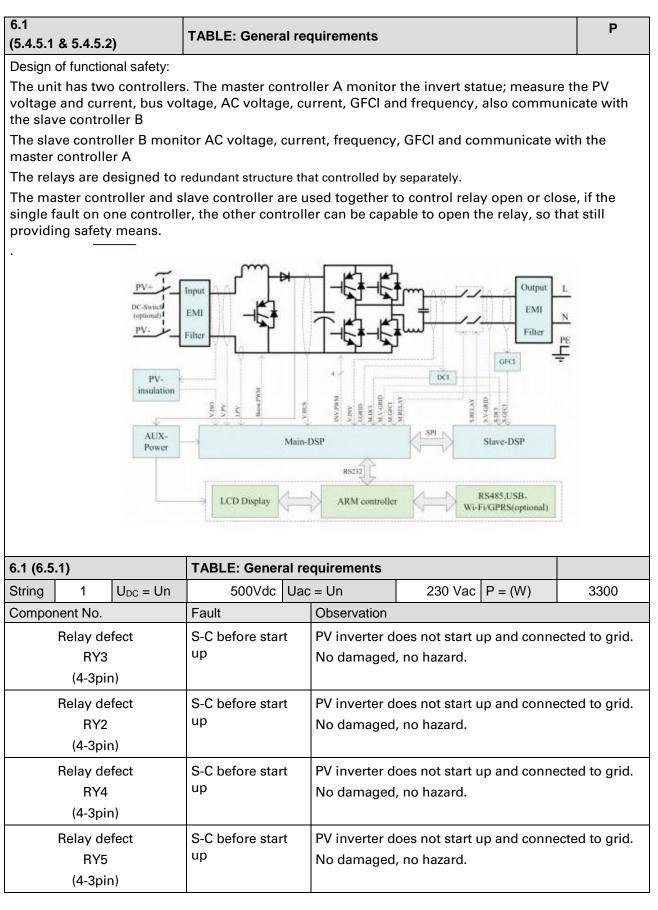
	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:201					
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict			
	a concrete merking					
	a separate marking					
4.8	Requirements for disconnection devices integrated into PV-inverters		P			
	The requirements of the DIN EN 62109-2 (VDE 0126- 14-2):2012-04, 4.8 regarding the residual current detection and the insulation detection of the PV- generator shall be complied with.		Р			
5	General Requirements		Р			
	Limits according to DIN EN 61000-6-3 (VDE 0839-6-3) regarding radio interferences must be complied with. For disturbance-free operation disturbance limits according to DIN EN 61000-6-2 (VDE 0839-6-2) shall be complied with.		Р			
6	TYPE TESTING					
6.0	General		Р			
	The following tests are valid for integrated and separated disconnecting devices unless otherwise noted. A separate disconnection device must be tested together with a suitable supply. It has to be ensured that the turn-off signal is caused by the disconnection device and not by the supply.	See following of test report	P			
6.1	Functional safety		Р			
	The testing of the single fault tolerance and the error detection with following disconnection according to 4.1 is carried out according to DIN VDE V 0124-100 (VDE V 0124-100):2012-07, 5.4.5.2.		Р			
6.2	Connection conditions		Р			
	The testing of the connection and the reconnection is carried out according to DIN VDE V 0124-100 (VDE V 0124):2012-07, 5.5.1 and 5.5.2.		Р			
6.3	Monitoring the voltage		Р			
	The testing of the voltage monitoring is carried out according to DIN VDE V 0124-100 (VDE V 0124-100):2012-07, 5.4.5.3.		Р			
6.4	Monitoring the frequency		Р			
	The testing of the frequency monitoring is carried out according to DIN VDE V 0124-100 (VDE V 0124-100):2012-07, 5.4.5.4.		Р			
6.5	Monitoring the dc current		P			

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	DIN V VDE V 0126-1-1:201	3.08				
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict			
	 The testing of the disconnection due to feed in of direct current is carried out either by a) or b): a) The measuring device at the switching point (e.g. current transformer or resistance) is fed with direct current of 1 A. The cut-off must be carried out within 0.2 seconds. b) By means of a fault simulation it is measured if a defective system operation with a d.c. fault current of more than 1 A leads to cut-off within 0.2 seconds. 		P			
6.6	Detection of islanding operation		Р			
	The testing of the disconnection due to unintended islanding operation is carried out according to DIN VDE V 0124-100 (VDE V 0124-100):2012-07, 5.4.6.		Р			
7	Routine Test					
	The manufacturer has to carry out routine tests regarding all safety relevant functions before delivering an automatic disconnection device.		Р			
8	Construction Specification					
	Initial tests and re-examination in addition to the routine tests may be omitted. If the disconnection device is a separate unit it must not be used in a TN-C power system. In this case a TN-C-S power system must be created.		Р			

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AC current monitoring defect RP85	O-C	PV inverter disconnected from grid immediately. No damaged, no hazard.			
AC voltage monitoring defect R88	O-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID01, No damaged. No hazard.			
ECP63	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Disconnect from the grid. After fault removed, it can be work normally. No damaged. No hazard.			
U13 Pin 8	O-C	PCE protected immediately. Disconnect from the grid. After fault removed, it can be work normally. No damaged. No hazard.			
XL2 Pin1-3	S-C	PV inverter disconnected from grid immediately. No damaged, no hazard.			
U5 Pin2-3	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID05, No damaged. No hazard.			
RC62	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID20, No damaged. No hazard.			
CC76	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID20, No damaged. No hazard.			
U1 Pin2-3	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID02, No damaged. No hazard.			
U1 Pin5-6	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID55, No damaged. No hazard.			
U6 Pin2-3	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID23, No damaged. No hazard.			
UC3 Pin5-6	S-C	PCE protected immediately. Report ID17,ID18, No damaged. No hazard.			
XLC1 Pin 1-3	S-C	PCE protected immediately. No damaged. No hazard.			

Supplementary information:

S-C: Short circuit, O-C: Open circuit

During the test:

Fire do not propagates beyond the EUT;

Equipment do not emit molten metal;

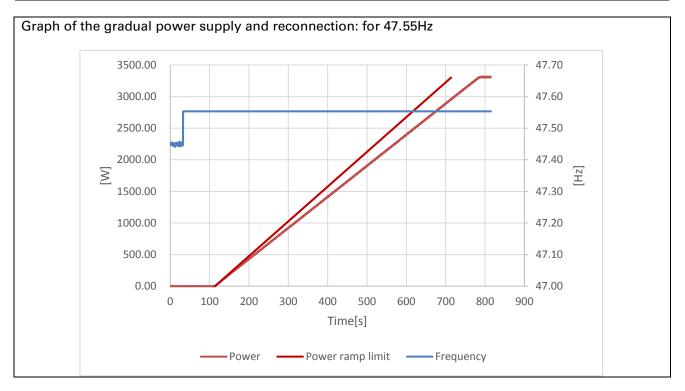
Enclosures do not deform to cause non-compliance with the standard.

Pass the dielectric test.



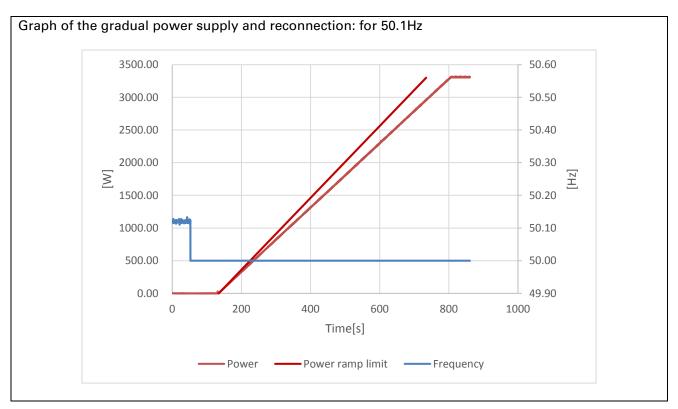
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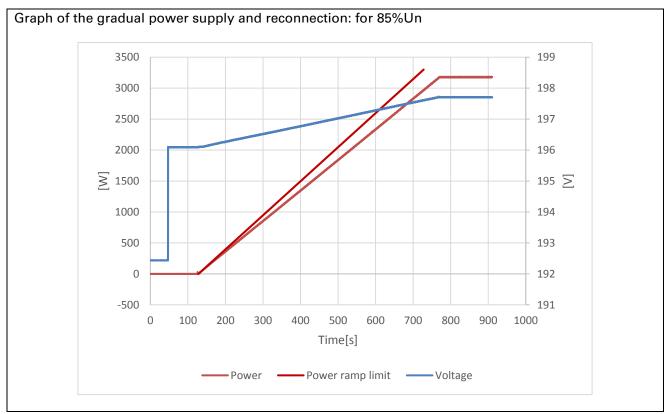
6.2 (5.5.1)	Connection co	onditions			Р
DC input:	AC output:			Rated Output Power	
360Vdc	230Vac;	50Hz		3300W	
Measure Item	Reco	nnection?		Reconnection Tir	me (>60s)
f _{ist} = 47,45Hz	🗌 Ye	S	🛛 No	Cannot reconnection	1
f _{ist} ≥ 47,55Hz	🛛 Ye	s	🗌 No	81.2s	
f _{ist} > 50,1Hz	🗌 Ye	s	🛛 No	Cannot reconnection	1
f _{ist} ≤ 50,1Hz	🛛 Yes	S	No No	82.0s	
U _{ist} < 85% U _n	🗌 Yes	6	🛛 No	Cannot reconnection	1
U _{ist} ≥ 85% U _n	🛛 Yes	S	No No	81.0s	
U _{ist} > 110% U _n		6	🛛 No	Cannot reconnection	1
U _{ist} ≤ 110% U _n	🛛 Yes	S	🗌 No	81.8s	





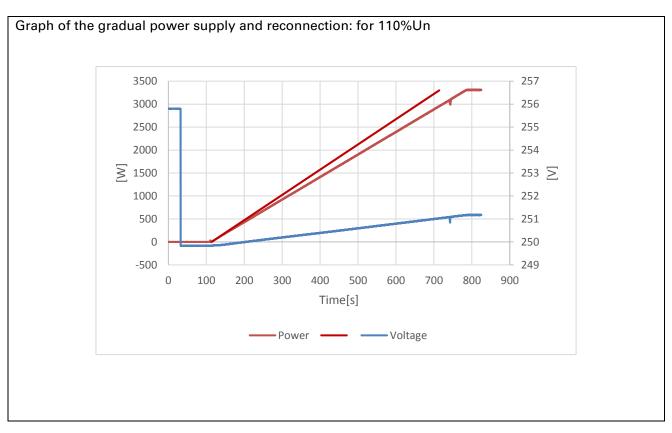
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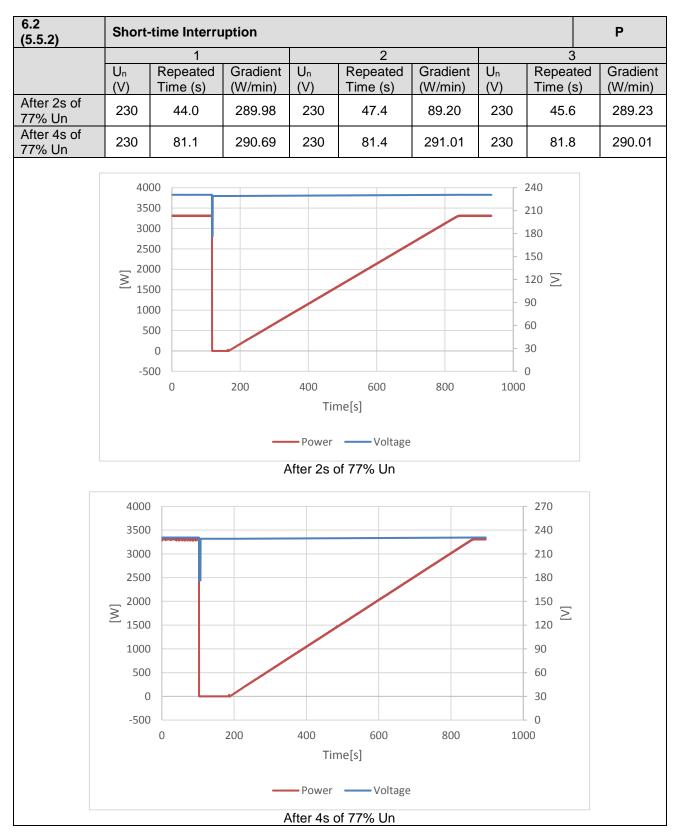
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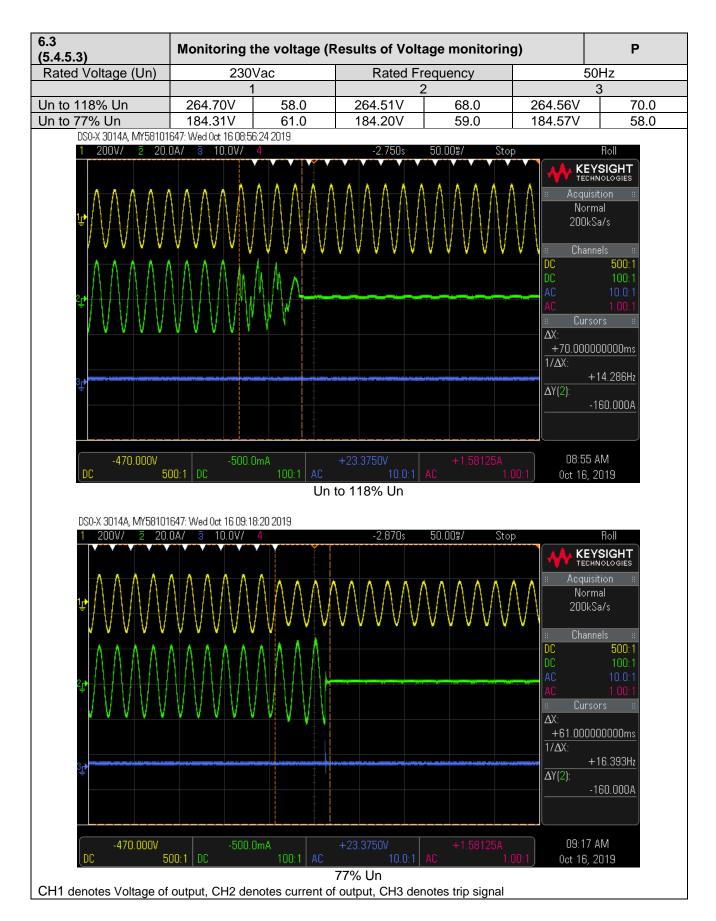
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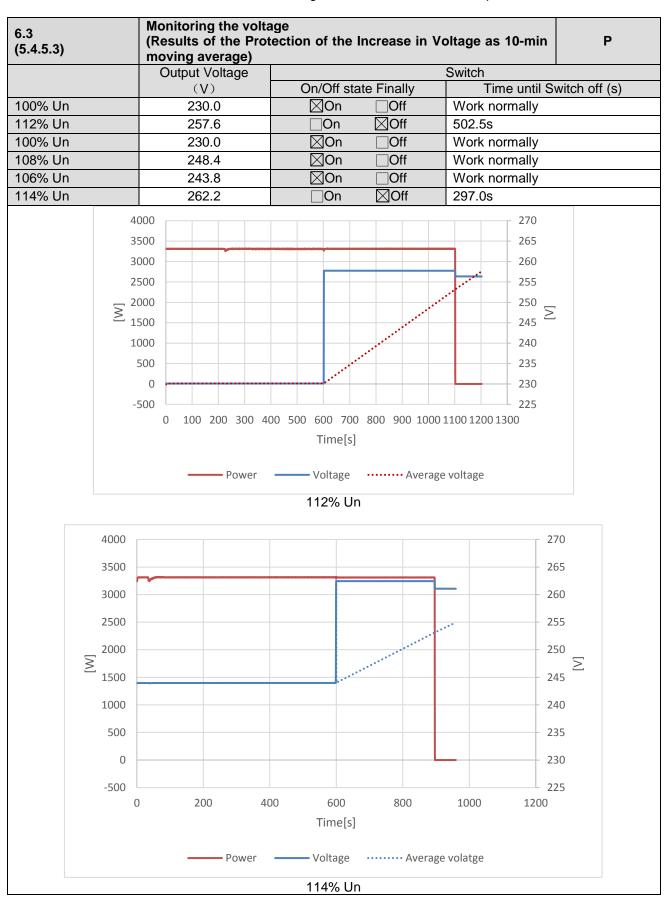


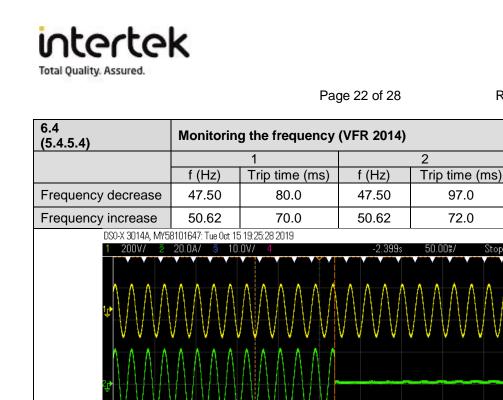
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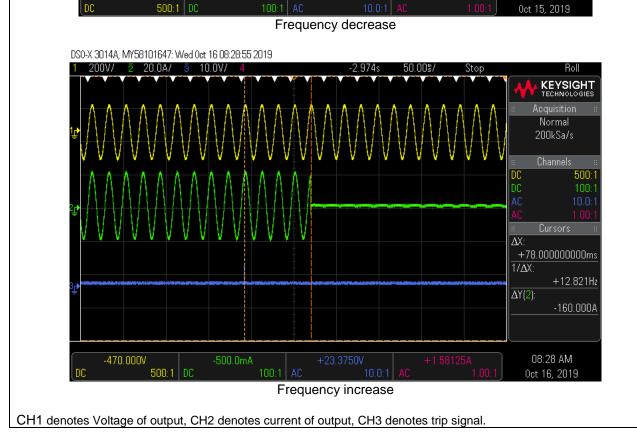
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-500.0mA



3

Rol

500:1

KEYSIGHT

Normal 200kSa/s Channels

+97.000000000ms

07:25 PM

+10.309Hz

-160.000A

f (Hz)

47.50

50.62

DC DC

ΔΧ

ΔY(2):

Ρ

Trip time (ms)

73.0

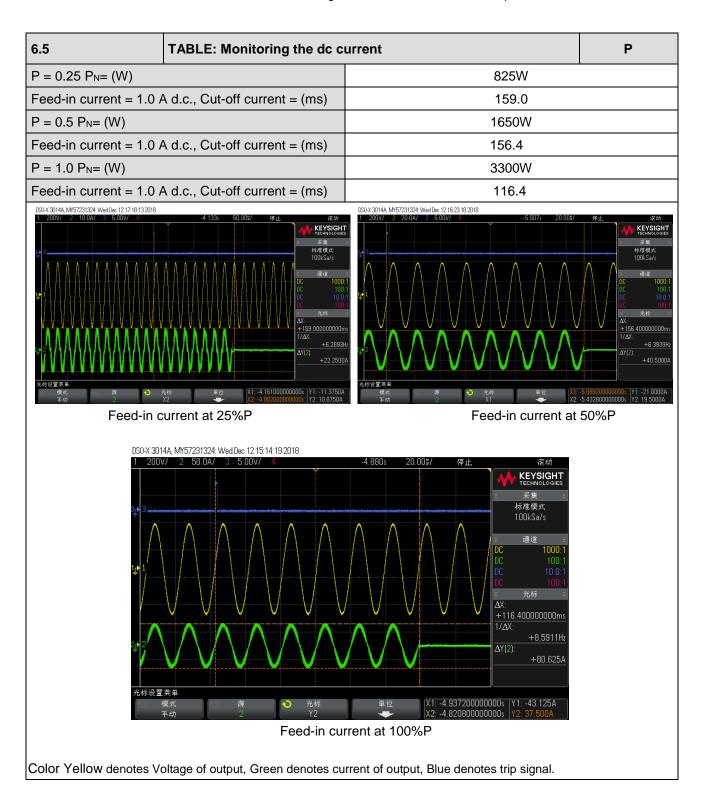
78.0

470.000V

intertek

Total Quality. Assured.

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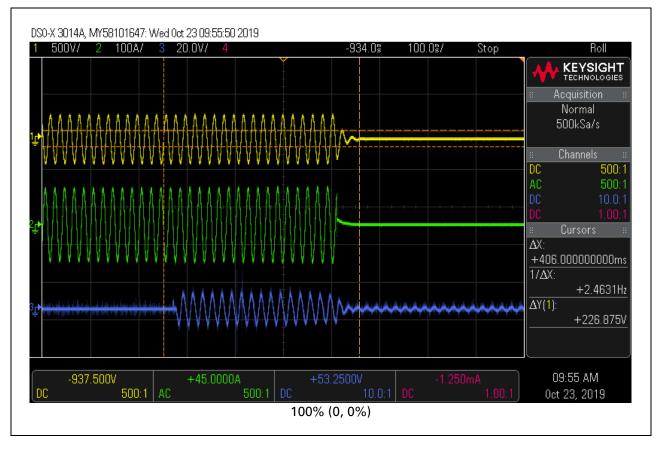


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6.6 (5.4.6)	TABL	.E: Dete	Р					
UN= RLC Dist			UN=230 RLC cc	ency: 50+/-0,2Hz 30+/-3Vac consumes inverter real power within +/-3% tion factor of chokes <3% y Q>2				
$P = 1.0 P_N = (W)$ 330		0W	$P = 0.5 P_N = (W)$	1650W	$P = 0.25 P_N = (W)$	825W		
Q∟ = 6.648KVar		648KVar Cut-off time (ms)		Q∟ = 3.303KVar	Cut-off time (ms)	Q∟=1.653KVar	Cut-off time (ms)	
95%	95%		20	95%	366	95%	338	
96%		3	36	96%	358	96%	308	
97%		3	38	97%	328	97%	314	
98%		3	36	98%	320	98%	328	
99%		3	92	99%	334	99%	374	
100%		4	06	100%	354	100%	422	
101%		344		101%	430	101%	330	
102%		350		102%	370	102%	320	
103%		348		103%	388	103%	360	
104% 3		3	52	104%	330	104%	342	
105% 2		2	32	105%	352	105%	316	

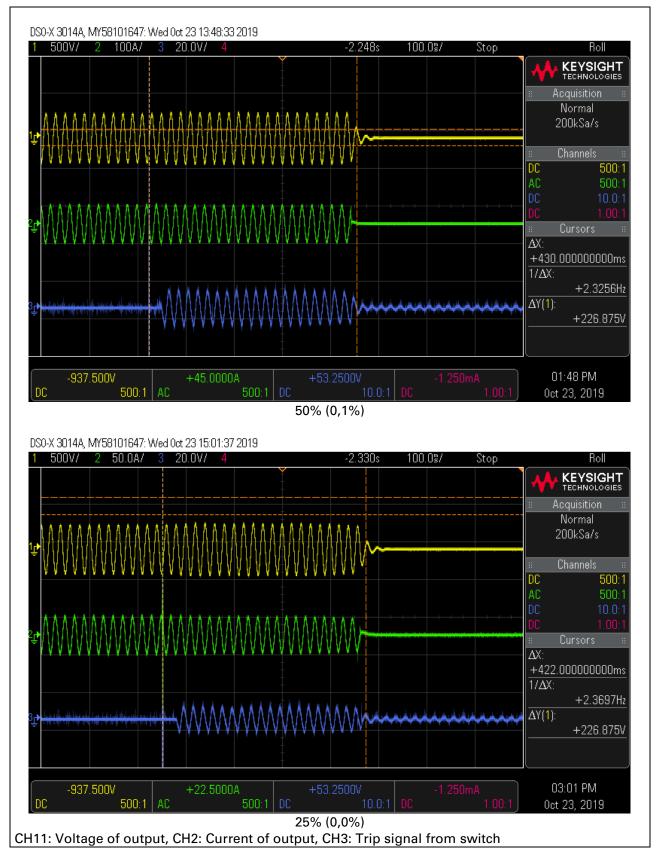


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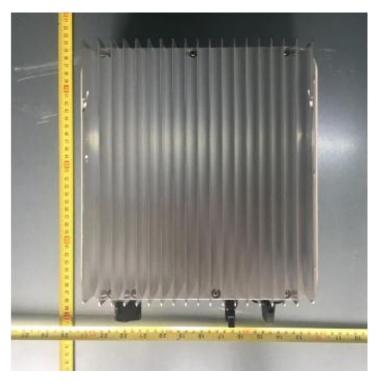


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Overview



Rear view



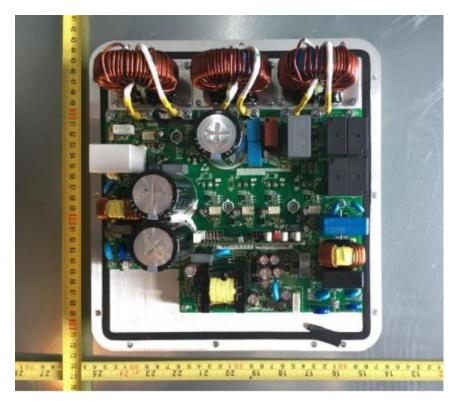
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Appendix Photos



Connection Interface



Internal view

--- End of test report---